

A „deep stop“ table for recreational dives on air: Debunked!

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Depth (m)	BT (min)	DeeP and all other Stops (metres/minutes). Rise-times (min).					Exit RG
9	135	-	-	-	-	3/2 3.0	G
12	125	-	-	-	-	6/2 3.0	G
15	77	-	-	-	9/1 2.0	6/1 3.0	G
	85	-	-	-	9/1 2.0	6/5 7.0	G
	90	-	-	-	9/1 2.0	6/8 10.0	G
18	52	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/1 4.0	F
	65	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/10 13.0	G
	70	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/14 17.0	G
21	35	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/1 5.0	F
	50	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/11 15.0	G
	55	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 3.0	6/16 20.0	G
24	27	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/1 5.0	E
	35	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/6 10.0	F
	40	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/10 14.0	F
	45	-	-	12/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/17 21.0	G
27	22	-	-	15/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/2 6.0	E
	30	-	-	15/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/8 12.0	F
	35	-	-	15/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/13 17.0	F
	40	-	-	15/1 2.0	9/1 4.0	6/21 25.0	G

Depth (m)	BT (min)	DeeP and all other Stops (metres/minutes). Rise-times (min).					Exit RG
33	15	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 4.0	9/1 6.0	6/1 7.0	E
	20	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 4.0	9/1 6.0	6/6 12.0	F
	25	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 4.0	9/1 6.0	6/11 17.0	F
	30	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 4.0	9/1 6.0	6/21 27.0	G
36	12	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/1 7.0	D
	15	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/3 9.0	E
	20	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/9 15.0	F
39	25	-	18/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/17 23.0	G
	11	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/1 7.0	D
	15	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/6 12.0	E
	20	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/13 19.0	F
42	25	-	21/1 3.0	15/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/25 31.0	G
	9	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/1 8.0	D
	15	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/9 16.0	F
45	20	-	21/1 3.0	12/1 5.0	9/1 6.0	6/17 24.0	F
	8	-	24/1 3.0	15/1 5.0	9/1 7.0	6/1 8.0	D
	15	-	24/1 3.0	15/1 5.0	9/1 7.0	6/11 18.0	F
48	20	24/1 3.0	15/1 5.0	12/1 6.0	9/1 7.0	6/23 31.0	G
	7	-	24/1 4.0	15/1 5.0	9/1 7.0	6/1 8.0	D
	10	-	24/1 4.0	15/1 5.0	9/1 7.0	6/5 12.0	E
		27/1	18/1	12/1	9/1	6/14	

**excerpt from
the air-table
in question**

However:

**a graphical analysis of the air-table (pls. cf. slide #2)
reveals the following pattern
for this particular deep stops:**

Bottom depths 18, 21 & 24 m:

deep stops @ half bottom depth of 24 ($24/2 = 12$ m) + 1 min stop at 9 m

Bottom depths: 27 & 30 m: deep stop @ $30/2 = 15$ m + 1 min stop at 9 m

Bottom depths: 33 & 36 m: deep stop @ $36/2 = 18$ m + stops at 12 & 9 m

Bottom depths: 39 & 42 m: deep stop @ $42/2 = 21$ m + stops at 12 & 9 m

Bottom depths: 45 & 48 m: deep stop @ $48/2 = 24$ m + stops at 15 & 9 m

This follows basically the empirical rule from DAN:

1 min @ bottom depth / 2

i.e.: not controlled via an algorithm

However:

the shallow stops (@ 6 & 9 m) are simply extracted from an unmodified Bühlmann ZH-L 16 C with the following boundary conditions:

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- ascent rate = 10 m / min
- last stop depth = 6 m
- Bühlmann correction / safety factor used, i.e.:
- bottom depth * 1.03 + 1.00 m

As an example we take bottom depth 42 m, bottom time 20 min.
This yields (pls. cf. slide #2):

→ 42/2 = 21 m / 1 min, 12 m / 1 min, 9 m / 1 min, 6 m / 17 min

9 m / 1 min & 6 m / 17 min is the standard ZH-L16C with the above boundary conditions:

```
Deko Prognose:  
9m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:      1.0  Komp.#:  2  
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:     17.0  Komp.#:  6  
ITS =      22.0
```

Further claims from the authors:

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stemming their growth. Furthermore, the nitrogen tension, or decompression stress, on the first four to five tissue compartment is reduced compared with Bühlmann's standard ZHL 16B Tables and the leading tissue compartments move marginally to the right, away from the central nervous system (CNS) region.

and:

Finally, through the guidance of CMAS they have received supplementary micro-bubble control

However;

an in-depth analysis of the calculated N₂ compartment pressures reveals the following from the above example:

@9 m, after the stops at 21 m & 12 m, i.e.: run time 25.3:

```
Tiefe: 9.00      Zeit: 0.3 max. Tiefe= 42.00 ges. Tauchzeit= 25.3
berechnete Kompartimentwerte mit N2 Matrix: ZH-L      He Matrix: ZH-L
Nr.: 1 3.0262 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 3.0262 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.892
Nr.: 2 3.1499 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 3.1499 Ceil. m= 3.96 Putol: 1.400
Nr.: 3 2.9046 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.9046 Ceil. m= 4.72 Putol: 1.475
Nr.: 4 2.5586 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.5586 Ceil. m= 4.06 Putol: 1.410
Nr.: 5 2.1958 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.1958 Ceil. m= 2.73 Putol: 1.281
Nr.: 6 1.8850 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.8850 Ceil. m= 1.55 Putol: 1.165
Nr.: 7 1.6211 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.6211 Ceil. m= 0.13 Putol: 1.026
Nr.: 8 1.4090 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.4090 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.899
Nr.: 9 1.2460 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.2460 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.792
Nr.: 10 1.1404 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.1404 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.729
Nr.: 11 1.0697 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0697 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.690
Nr.: 12 1.0134 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0134 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.665
Nr.: 13 0.9687 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9687 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.649
Nr.: 14 0.9329 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9329 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.641
Nr.: 15 0.9047 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9047 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.631
Nr.: 16 0.8825 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.8825 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.627
```

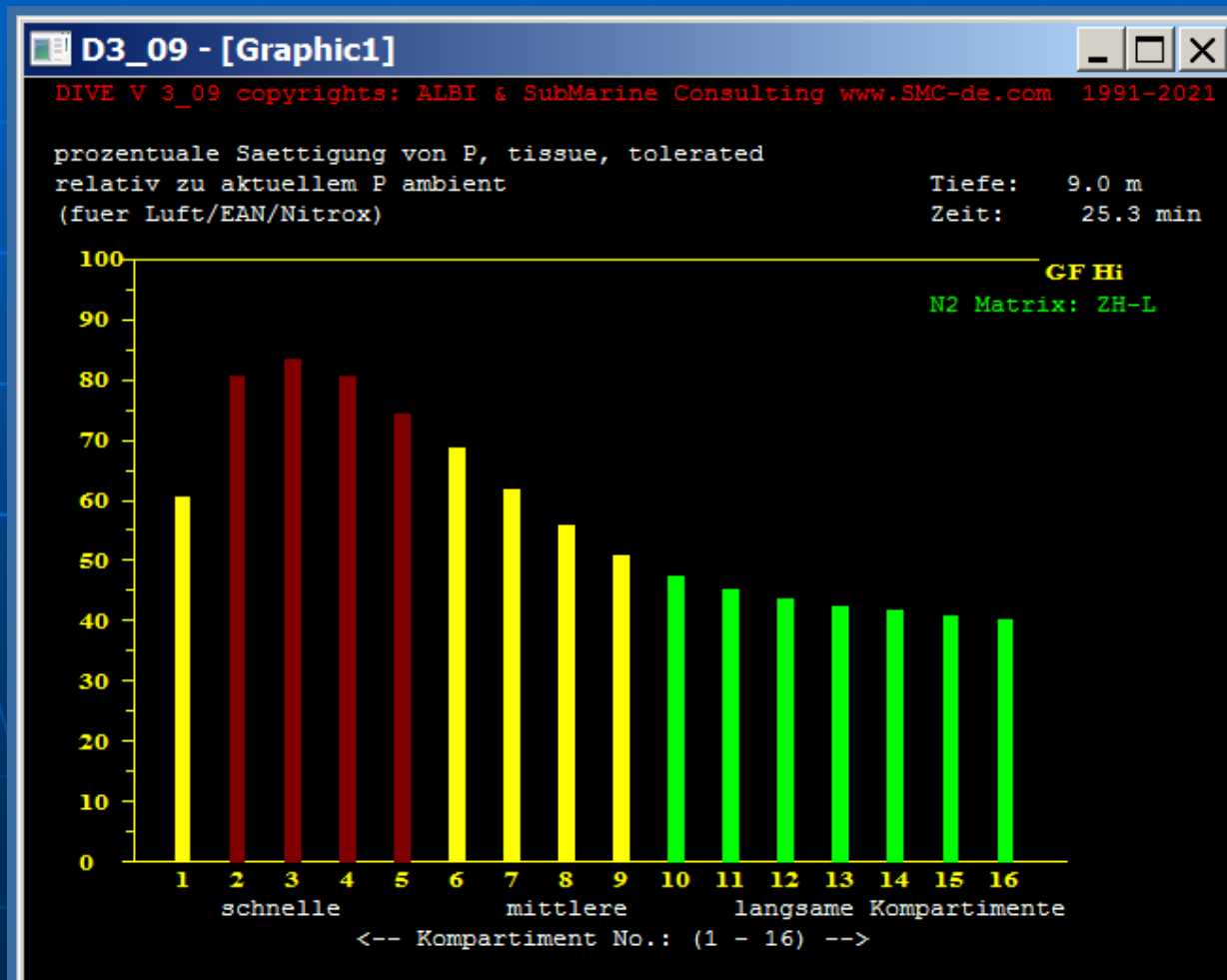
However;

an in-depth analysis of the calculated N₂ compartment pressures reveals the following from the above example:

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@9 m, after the stops at 21 m & 12 m, i.e.: run time 25.3:



However;

an in-depth analysis of the calculated N₂ compartment pressures reveals the following from the above example:

@9 m, prior to first regular stop, i.e. run time 23.3:

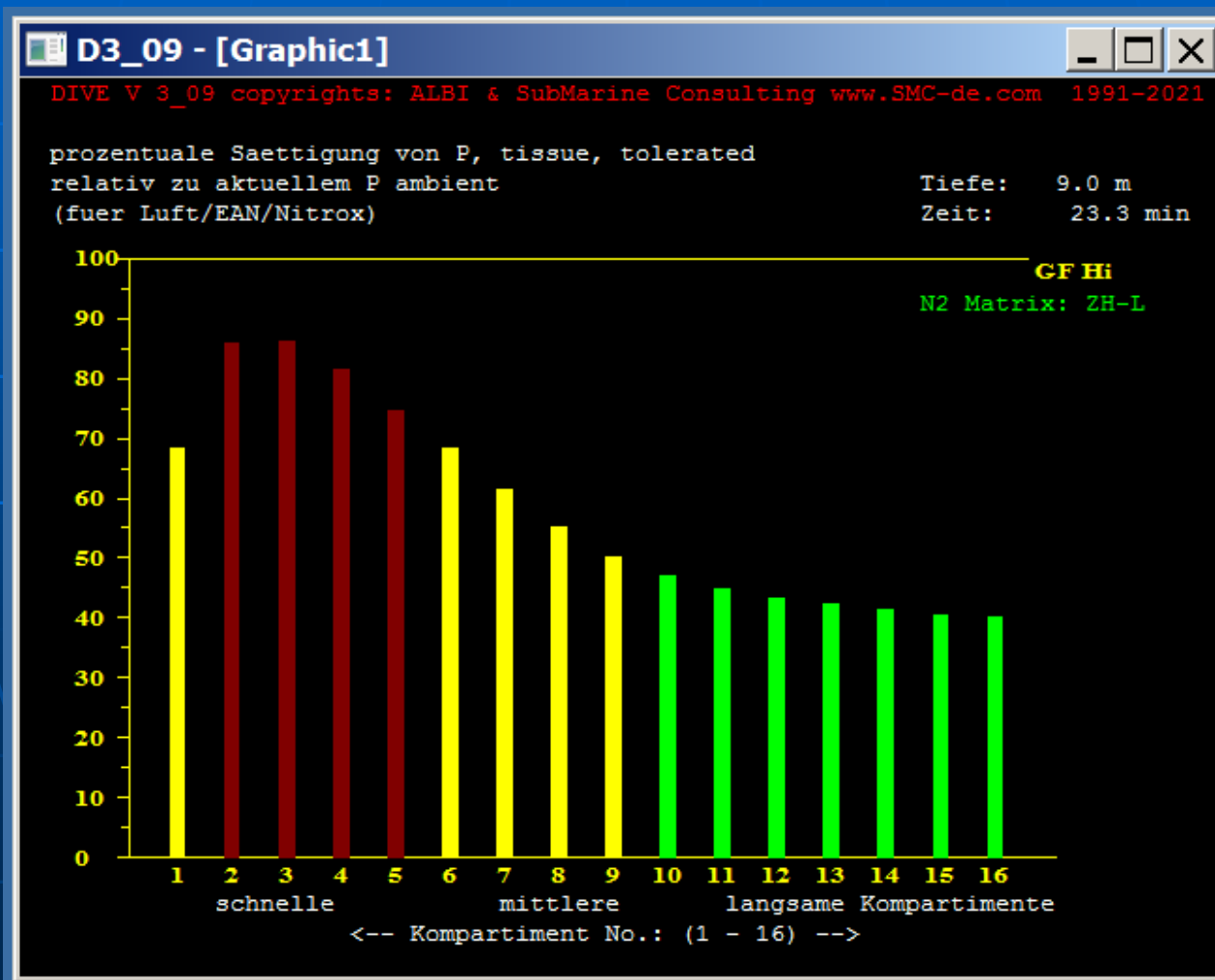
```
Eingabe der Austauschstufe in Metern & cm:(m.cm): 9.
Austauschstufe: 9.00  Aufstiegszeit:      3.3  P insp N2:  3.998  P insp He:  0.000
Nr.:  1 3.4293 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  3.4293 Ceil. m=  0.84  Putol:  1.096
Nr.:  2 3.3494 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  3.3494 Ceil. m=  5.29  Putol:  1.530
Nr.:  3 2.9976 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  2.9976 Ceil. m=  5.41  Putol:  1.542
Nr.:  4 2.5926 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  2.5926 Ceil. m=  4.33  Putol:  1.437
Nr.:  5 2.1994 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  2.1994 Ceil. m=  2.76  Putol:  1.283
Nr.:  6 1.8759 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.8759 Ceil. m=  1.47  Putol:  1.157
Nr.:  7 1.6078 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.6078 Ceil. m=  0.01  Putol:  1.014
Nr.:  8 1.3958 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.3958 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.887
Nr.:  9 1.2346 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.2346 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.782
Nr.: 10 1.1309 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.1309 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.720
Nr.: 11 1.0617 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.0617 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.682
Nr.: 12 1.0068 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  1.0068 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.659
Nr.: 13 0.9634 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  0.9634 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.644
Nr.: 14 0.9286 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  0.9286 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.637
Nr.: 15 0.9013 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  0.9013 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.627
Nr.: 16 0.8798 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.=  0.8798 Ceil. m=  0.00  Putol:  0.625
Deko Prognose:
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:  17.0  Komp.#:  6
TTS =  17.0
```


However;

an in-depth analysis of the calculated N₂ compartment pressures reveals the following from the above example:

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@9 m, prior to first regular stop, i.e. run time 23.3:



Final example:

As a final example we take
bottom depth 24 m, bottom time 40 min.
This yields (pls. cf. slide #2):

→ 24/2 = 12 m / 1 min, 9 m / 1 min, 6 m / 10 min

6 m / 10 min is the standard ZH-L16C with the above boundary
conditions (from slide # 4):

```
Deko Prognose:  
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:      10.0  Komp.#:  6  
TTS =          12.0
```

The next 2 slides feature the pN₂ analysis and the heatmaps
with the deep stops @ 12 & 9 m (LHS)
and without these stops (RHS),
prior to the first regular stop @ 6 m,
i.e. after the run-times of 43.8 resp. 41.8 min:

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Final example, bottom depth 24 m, bottom time 40 min. analysis of calculated pN₂ per compartment

LHS: with deep stops, run time 43.8 min

RHS: ZH-L16 C, run time 41.8 min

```
Luftdruck: 1.013 AMV: 25.0 RQ: 1.000 O2: 0.210 He: 0.000 N2: 0.790
CNS: 7.0 OTU: 19.2 AR = 10.00 VO2 = 0.25 Latency: N KA = 1.0
NUM FLAG: OFF Wassertemp.: 20.00 Wasserdichte: 998.203 PRT= 29.7
Korrektur: Y GFHI= 1.00 GFLO= 1.00 LAST STOP= 6.0 m First Stop = 3.0 m
Tiefe: 6.00 Zeit: 0.3 max. Tiefe= 24.00 ges. Tauchzeit= 43.8
berechnete Kompartimentwerte mit N2 Matrix: ZH-L He Matrix: ZH-L
Nr.: 1 2.2504 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.2504 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.500
Nr.: 2 2.4194 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.4194 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.925
Nr.: 3 2.3831 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.3831 Ceil. m= 0.88 Putol: 1.099
Nr.: 4 2.2350 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.2350 Ceil. m= 1.47 Putol: 1.157
Nr.: 5 2.0197 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.0197 Ceil. m= 1.27 Putol: 1.137
Nr.: 6 1.7977 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.7977 Ceil. m= 0.80 Putol: 1.091
Nr.: 7 1.5852 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.5852 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.995
Nr.: 8 1.3998 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.3998 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.891
Nr.: 9 1.2488 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.2488 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.794
Nr.: 10 1.1472 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.1472 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.735
Nr.: 11 1.0775 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0775 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.697
Nr.: 12 1.0211 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0211 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.672
Nr.: 13 0.9758 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9758 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.656
Nr.: 14 0.9390 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9390 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.647
Nr.: 15 0.9099 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9099 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.636
Nr.: 16 0.8868 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.8868 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.631
was jetzt?a
maximale Ceiling: 1.47
Eingabe der Austauschstufe in Metern & cm:(m.cm):
Austauschstufe ist zu hoch:
niedriger wie Ceiling waehlen!
Deko Prognose:
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit: 7.0 Komp. #: 6
TTS = 7.0
```

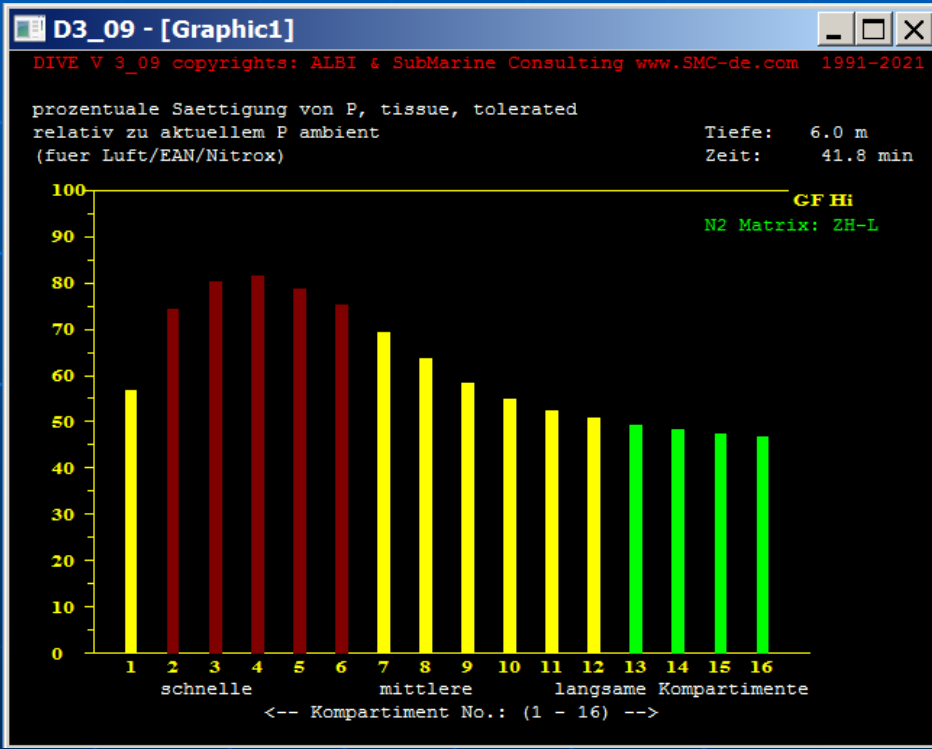
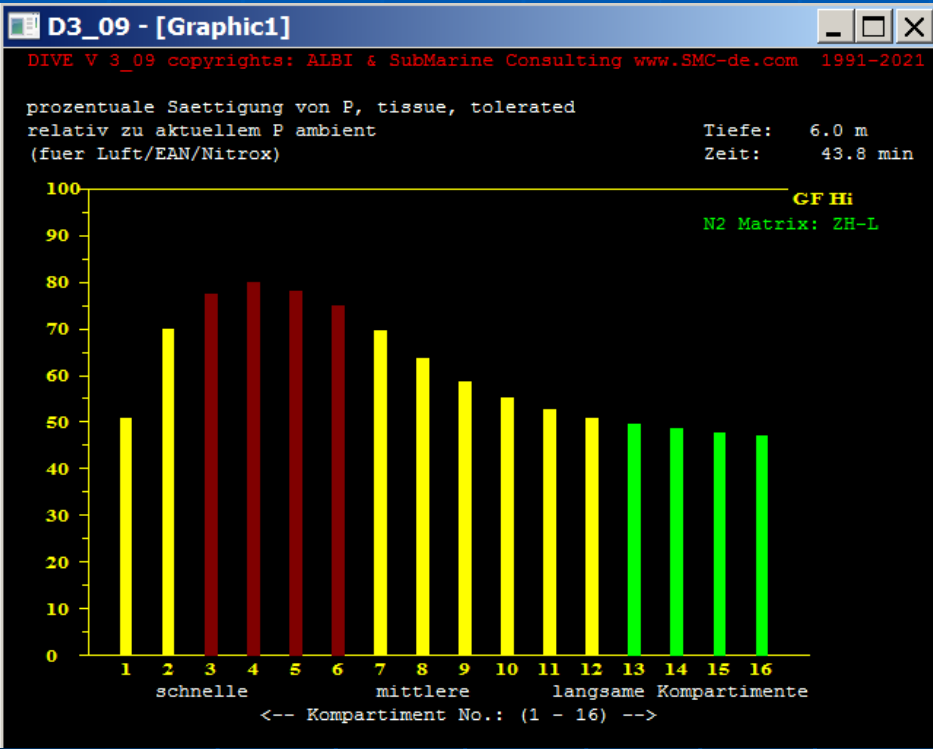
```
Luftdruck: 1.013 AMV: 25.0 RQ: 1.000 O2: 0.210 He: 0.000 N2: 0.790
CNS: 7.0 OTU: 19.2 AR = 10.00 VO2 = 0.25 Latency: N KA = 1.0
NUM FLAG: OFF Wassertemp.: 20.00 Wasserdichte: 998.203 PRT= 23.4
Korrektur: Y GFHI= 1.00 GFLO= 1.00 LAST STOP= 6.0 m First Stop = 3.0 m
Tiefe: 6.00 Zeit: 1.8 max. Tiefe= 24.00 ges. Tauchzeit= 41.8
berechnete Kompartimentwerte mit N2 Matrix: ZH-L He Matrix: ZH-L
Nr.: 1 2.5063 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.5063 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.629
Nr.: 2 2.5653 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.5653 Ceil. m= 0.07 Putol: 1.020
Nr.: 3 2.4687 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.4687 Ceil. m= 1.51 Putol: 1.160
Nr.: 4 2.2799 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.2799 Ceil. m= 1.83 Putol: 1.192
Nr.: 5 2.0387 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 2.0387 Ceil. m= 1.43 Putol: 1.153
Nr.: 6 1.8027 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.8027 Ceil. m= 0.84 Putol: 1.095
Nr.: 7 1.5833 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.5833 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.993
Nr.: 8 1.3950 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.3950 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.887
Nr.: 9 1.2435 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.2435 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.790
Nr.: 10 1.1423 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.1423 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.731
Nr.: 11 1.0731 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0731 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.693
Nr.: 12 1.0174 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 1.0174 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.668
Nr.: 13 0.9726 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9726 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.653
Nr.: 14 0.9365 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9365 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.645
Nr.: 15 0.9078 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.9078 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.634
Nr.: 16 0.8851 P N2 0.0000 P HE Sum.= 0.8851 Ceil. m= 0.00 Putol: 0.630
was jetzt?a
maximale Ceiling: 1.83
Eingabe der Austauschstufe in Metern & cm:(m.cm):
Austauschstufe ist zu hoch:
niedriger wie Ceiling waehlen!
Deko Prognose:
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit: 8.0 Komp. #: 6
TTS = 8.0
```

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Final example,
bottom depth 24 m, bottom time 40 min.
heat map pN₂

LHS: with deep stops, run time 43.8 min

RHS: ZH-L16 C, run time 41.8 min



This demonstrates, that the claims
(pls. cf. slide #5) of:

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- pN₂ reduction is not in „four to five“ compartments, instead
- marginally, only in the first, the fastest compartment #1;
- here from ca. 70 to 60 % (resp. ca. 55 to 50%)
- And, negligible, in #2 & 3 from ca. 85 to 80 %
- thus, the „micro-bubble control“ restricts to these two (to three) 1 min stops
- And, as well:
- the leading compartment did not change at all

- *i.e.: the claims can not be verified seriously,*
- *these deep stops are added not via a documented algorithm,*
- *but just manually to an*
- *unmodified version of a Bühlmann ZH-L 16*
- *That is: the „reduction in decompression stress“ is, compared to a Bühlmann ZH-86 table, if at all, negligible!*
- *And so maybe the offered „extra safety“.*

Bonus Material: Source for DIVE Version 3_09

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Download free of charge:

→ DIVE V 3_09

(https://www.divetable.info/DIVE_V3/index.htm)

→ and the german manual

https://www.divetable.info/DIVE_V3/DOXV3_0.pdf

The release train for

→ the english version (V3_04) is somewhat slower ...

https://www.divetable.info/DIVE_V3/V3e/index.htm

Fine tuning of DIVE:

Fine tuning could be done via the commands:

- ascent rate („**AR**“)
- ambient atmospheric pressure at start („**L**“)
- the respiratory coefficient („**R**“)
- the ambient (water)-temperature („**te**“)
- the water density („**di**“)
- Buehlmann Safety Factor („**B**“)
- last stop depth („**LS**“)

And with: „**a**“ we receive the complete decompression prognosis;

i.e.: the stop times in min per stage, modulo 3 m

and the **responsible leading compartment & the rounded up TTS** in min. The latest DIVE Version for beta testing is always staged there:

<https://www.divetable.info/beta/index.htm>

along with information on production date, size in bytes, new features and the checksums for verifying the download.

Handling of DIVE:

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The first paradigm from above via the commands,
the input of commands and parameters are in the quotes: „“

- (ZH-L 16 C is the default coefficients matrix)
- „b“ (setting of the Bühlmann correction/safety factor)
- „ar“ „10.“ (setting the ascent rate to 10 m / min)
- „ls“ „6.“ (setting the depth of the last stop to 6 m)
- „d“ (simulation of a box profile with these parameters:)
- „42.“ (bottom depth)
- „20.“ (bottom time)
- „a“ „“ (yields this decompression prognosis):

```
Deko Prognose:  
9m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:      1.0  Komp.#:  2  
6m Stopp Prognose Dekozeit:      17.0  Komp.#:  6  
TTS =          22.0
```

→ the heat maps (pls. cf. slides # 7, 9 & 12) are created via: „%p“